Historical Exploring of Economic Effects on Booster’s Urban Transformation

Pouya DOULABI, PhD Student
Politecnico di Milano, Italy
pooya_dizel@yahoo.com

Sara RASOOLI, MS Student
Yazd University, Iran
sara00mick@yahoo.com

Cities are transformed because of variety of Internal or external reasons, in their life period and history. It is true that all of these reasons are not separate to each other and work all to gather, but this study will survey one of the most important reasons in its case. Booshehr as one of the most important port of south of Iran from many years ago, lies in the north of Persian Gulf. Its past goes as back as to the Elamite era (4000 years ago), but history of Booshehr which is existed now refers to 270 years ago. First concept of Booshehr existing was military idea, after that, because it was most secure and safest port of Persian Gulf, it main function was changed to the commercial activity and many agency and consulates were established in this city and this city hosted many foreigners throughout its history. Booshehr international relations created a kind of architectural business with all over the world (Europe, Africa, and Asia). Documents and evidences show a specific architecture and also fusion architecture which is found in the other countries has been happened. Because of variety of macroeconomic (country’s scale) it missed the original economic characteristics (100 years ago), so it affected on microeconomic activity. Both of these changes in their different Scale had specific effects on Booshehr city shape. In this investigation, the relations between economic changes and urban transformation will be explored and also this study will be an attempt to show how mechanisms of macroeconomic and microeconomic consequences effect on city and architecture and ultimately how manner of Economic activity forms the urban and architecture shape.

KEY WORDS: Booshehr, history, economy, urban, transformation.